

August 11, 2004

Mr. Lance Beversdorff Staff Attorney Texas Youth Commission P. O. Box 4260 Austin, Texas 78765

OR2004-6802

Dear Mr. Beversdorff:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 206913.

The Texas Youth Commission (the "TYC") received a request for a specific investigative report. You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 excepts from disclosure information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision. This section encompasses information protected by other statutes. Section 261.201(a) of the Family Code provides as follows:

- (a) The following information is confidential, is not subject to public release under Chapter 552, Government Code, and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with this code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency:
 - (1) a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect made under this chapter and the identity of the person making the report; and
 - (2) except as otherwise provided in this section, the files, reports, records, communications, and working papers used or developed in an investigation under this chapter or in providing services as a result of an investigation.

TYC is authorized to conduct an investigation under chapter 261. See Fam. Code § 261.401(b) (state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or registers facility in which children are located shall make prompt, thorough investigation of report that child has been

or may be abused, neglected, or exploited in facility). TYC has adopted rules concerning investigations of alleged abuse or neglect. *See* Fam. Code § 261.401 (requiring state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or registers facility in which children are located to (1) investigate reports of neglect or abuse and (2) adopt rules, to be approved by the Health and Human Services Commission, for such investigation and resolution), 37 T.A.C. § 93.33. We also note that the terms "abuse" and "neglect" in section 261.401 are defined differently than they are in section 261.001, although all definitions involve conduct relating to a child. *See* Fam. Code § 261.401(a) (defining abuse, neglect, and exploitation "notwithstanding Section 261.001"). We note, however, that section 101.003 of the Family Code defines a child or minor to be a person "under 18 years of age who is not and has not been married or who has not had the disabilities of minority removed for general purposes." Fam. Code § 101.003(a). At the time of the incident, the individual who is the alleged victim was 18 years old and thus not a child or minor for purposes of sections 261.201 or 261.401 of the Family Code. These sections therefore do not apply to the submitted information.

We next address the applicability of section 552.101 in conjunction with section 61.073 of the Human Resources Code. As amended by the Seventy-eighth Legislature, section 61.073 of the Human Resources Code provides as follows:

The commission shall keep written records of all examinations and conclusions based on them and of all orders concerning the disposition or treatment of each child subject to its control. Except as provided by Section 61.093(c), these records and all other information concerning a child, including personally identifiable information, are not public and are available only according to the provisions of Section 58.005, Family Code, Section 61.0731, Human Resources Code, and Chapter 61, Code of Criminal Procedure.

Hum. Res. Code § 61.073.¹ You indicate that the information at issue consists of records relating to a child in the custody of TYC.² Upon review, we determine that section 61.073

¹Section 61.093(c) of the Human Resources Code authorizes the disclosure of information relating to a child who has escaped from custody. Section 61.0731 of the Human Resources Code authorizes the disclosure of information concerning a child to the child and the child's parent or guardian, if disclosure would not materially harm the treatment and rehabilitation of the child and would not substantially decrease the likelihood of the commission receiving information from the same or similar sources in the future. Section 58.005(a) of the Family Code provides that information obtained for the purpose of diagnosis, examination, evaluation, or treatment of a child by an agency providing supervision of a child by arrangement of the juvenile court or having custody of the child under order of the juvenile court may be disclosed only to certain specified persons or under certain specified circumstances. Chapter 61 of the Code of Criminal Procedure governs information pertaining to criminal combinations and criminal street gangs. The commission does not indicate that it is authorized to release any of the submitted information under sections 61.0731 or 61.093 of the Human Resources Code, section 58.005(a) of the Family Code, or chapter 61 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

²For the purposes of chapter 61 of the Human Resources Code, a "child" is a person less than 21 years old.

is applicable to the submitted information. We therefore conclude that TYC must withhold the submitted information pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code

§ 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Cary Grace

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

ECG/krl

Ref:

ID# 206913

Enc.

Submitted documents

c:

Mr. John Zenger

P. O. Box 415

Pyote, Texas 79777 (w/o enclosures)